

⑧

A

2007年度

英

語

問題冊子 (1～6 ページ)

## 注 意 事 項

- (1) 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見ないこと。
- (2) 試験中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明、ページの落丁・乱丁および解答用紙の汚れ等に気付いた場合は、手を挙げて監督者に申し出ること。
- (3) 解答は別に配布する解答用紙の該当欄に正しく記入すること。ただし、解答に関係のない語句・記号・落書き等は解答用紙に書かないこと。
- (4) 解答用紙上部に印刷してある志望学部・学科コード、受験番号、氏名(カタカナ)を確認し、氏名欄に氏名(漢字)を記入すること。もし、印刷に間違いがあった場合は、手を挙げて監督者に申し出ること。

### 〔解答用紙記入例(選択式の場合)〕

例 1. 「語群」が二桁で 11 大阪 12 佐賀 13 長崎 14 東京 とある場合

	A		B		C	
問 X	16	17	18	19	20	21
	/	2	/	4	/	/

Aの解答が佐賀の場合 →  
 Bの解答が東京の場合 →  
 Cの解答が大阪の場合 →

例 2. 「語群」が一桁で 1 大学 2 中学校 3 高校 4 小学校 とある場合

	a	b	c
問 X	51	52	53
	/	4	2

aの解答が大学の場合 →  
 bの解答が小学校の場合 →  
 cの解答が中学校の場合 →

〔Ⅰ〕 次の英文の下線部を和訳せよ。

A lot of grown-ups worry that spending too much time playing video games isn't good for a kid's health. But some doctors have noticed that kids who bring their portable game players to the hospital seem less worried about being there. These patients also seem to experience less pain when they are concentrating on a superhero adventure or a car race. At the Johns Hopkins Children's Center in Baltimore, Maryland, young patients are finding hospital visits easier to deal with, thanks to a test program which allows kids to play online sports, racing, and adventure games with each other.

〔Ⅱ〕 次の英文の内容と合致するものを下の 11～20 の中から四つ選び、その番号を記入せよ。

The four young men who became world famous as the Beatles all had difficult childhoods. For a start, they were all born in Liverpool during the Second World War. Situated on the north-west coast of Britain, Liverpool was one of the country's major ports and so it was frequently bombed by German airplanes. John Lennon was actually born in the middle of an air raid on 9 October 1940. His aunt Mimi later remembered being terrified as she ran through the fire and smoke to the hospital to see her sister and her new baby. Ringo Starr, whose real name was Richard Starkey (he later got the nickname "Ringo" because of the rings he wore), also experienced air raids as an infant. By the time Paul McCartney was born on 18 June 1942 and George Harrison on 25 February 1943, these nightly bombing raids had stopped, but wartime life remained dangerous and hard, with shortages of food, fuel and clothes.

Their family circumstances were, in different ways, also difficult. Ringo's parents had separated before he was born, and he lived in a rough

neighbourhood of Liverpool with his mother, who worked in a bar. He suffered from ill health during his childhood, spending three years in hospital, which interrupted his education. John's mother Julia had also separated from his father, and he lived with his aunt Mimi, while Julia lived her own free life. Despite this, John loved his mother and was deeply upset when she was knocked down and killed by a speeding car when he was seventeen. Paul and George both came from warm, loving families, but life was not easy for them either. Paul's father did not earn much money and the family was mainly supported by his mother's earnings as a nurse, but she died of cancer when Paul was only fourteen. George's father supported a wife and four children, of whom George was the youngest, on his low bus driver's income.

John and Paul were brought together by their love of rock and roll, the new, high-energy American music of Elvis Presley, Bill Haley, Little Richard and Buddy Holly. After his mother's death, Paul had comforted himself by concentrating on playing the guitar given him by his father. His brother remembered that Paul "didn't have time to eat or think about anything else. He played it in the toilet, in the bath, everywhere." John and Paul first met on 6 July 1957, when Paul attended a garden party at which John was playing with his group, the Quarry Men. "I remember I was impressed," Paul said later. "I thought, 'Wow he's good!'" John was so impressed by Paul's guitar playing and superb memory for the words of songs that he invited him to join his group. John's mother's death a year later strengthened their friendship. "That was one of the things that brought John and me very close together," Paul recalled. "We'd both lost our mothers." Young men in 1950s Britain were not brought up to express their emotions openly, so they did not talk about their sorrow, but instead communicated their feelings through their music.

A few months after Paul joined the Quarry Men, George Harrison also became a member. Paul and George had already been friends for two years, brought together by their passion for guitar playing. John was at first doubtful about George joining the group, since he was only fourteen years old, but he

was the only one of the three who could play guitar solos and so he was recruited as their lead guitarist.

A few months later the Quarry Men made a cheap private recording of Buddy Holly's song "That'll Be the Day." The boys sound young and energetic on this recording, but no one could have known in 1958 that these three young men — together with Ringo Starr, who would join them in 1962, after they had changed their name to the Beatles — would within a few short years achieve world fame as the greatest popular music group the world has ever seen.

注 air raid 空爆

solo ソロ, 独奏

11. Mimi was very frightened when she visited her sister Julia in hospital after Julia had given birth to John Lennon during an attack on Liverpool by German airplanes.
12. Mrs Starkey gave her son Richard the nickname "Ringo" because she hoped he would become a rock and roll star in the future.
13. When John, Paul and George were children in Liverpool during the war there were many problems, such as lack of things to eat and wear.
14. John and Ringo's parents had separated and so both boys lived alone with their mothers.
15. John's mother was killed in an accident while driving too fast in her car.
16. Because he didn't have much time to eat or think about anything due to his mother's death, Paul played his guitar in the toilet and the bath.
17. Since they had both lost their mothers, John and Paul became even closer friends and found comfort in talking about it with each other.
18. Paul and George were already friends before Paul met John.
19. John wondered whether George was too young to become a member of the group, but he was asked to join because of his skill as a guitarist.
20. When the Quarry Men wrote and recorded their own song in 1958, nobody could have imagined that they would become world famous one day.

〔Ⅲ〕 次の(a)～(h)の各文の下線部 1 ～ 4 の中に誤りがあればその番号を、誤りがない場合は 5 を記入せよ。

(a) The winter of<sub>1</sub> 1999, which<sub>2</sub> I was preparing for<sub>3</sub> the entrance examination, is still clear in<sub>4</sub> my memory.

(b) I am pleased<sub>1</sub> to hear that a large number of<sub>2</sub> people will attend the conference, which will take place<sub>3</sub> on next Saturday<sub>4</sub>.

(c) Whenever<sub>1</sub> she has financial problems<sub>2</sub>, she always goes to see<sub>3</sub> her brother for a good advice<sub>4</sub>.

(d) The final exams, which lasted<sub>1</sub> four days<sub>2</sub>, were very<sub>3</sub> more complicated than I had expected<sub>4</sub>.

(e) Owing to<sub>1</sub> the appearance of competitors in the neighborhood, we will have to give up<sub>2</sub> our plan to rise<sub>3</sub> the price by twenty percent<sub>4</sub>.

(f) She is eager<sub>1</sub> to know whether<sub>2</sub> you experienced something amazed<sub>3</sub> during<sub>4</sub> your travels in Europe.

(g) After arriving<sub>1</sub> at our office, my friend treated us as though<sub>2</sub> we were<sub>3</sub> his servants and made us work<sub>4</sub> so hard.

(h) Unfortunately<sub>1</sub> she failed being promoted<sub>2</sub> to the next grade because<sub>3</sub> her attendance<sub>4</sub> was irregular.

〔Ⅳ〕 次の(a)～(f)の各群の中で、下線部の発音が他の4つと異なるものを一つずつ選び、その番号を記入せよ。

- |     |                        |                               |                          |
|-----|------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| (a) | 1. <u>i</u> rony       | 2. <u>i</u> dleness           | 3. var <u>i</u> ety      |
|     | 4. art <u>i</u> ficial | 5. exc <u>i</u> tement        |                          |
| (b) | 1. <u>p</u> ump        | 2. <u>s</u> uddenly           | 3. <u>b</u> utterfly     |
|     | 4. <u>h</u> umorous    | 5. <u>f</u> unction           |                          |
| (c) | 1. <u>c</u> oward      | 2. <u>n</u> owadays           | 3. <u>p</u> owerful      |
|     | 4. <u>d</u> rown       | 5. <u>o</u> wner              |                          |
| (d) | 1. <u>r</u> each       | 2. <u>j</u> ealousy           | 3. <u>f</u> eature       |
|     | 4. <u>m</u> eaning     | 5. <u>p</u> each              |                          |
| (e) | 1. <u>h</u> earing     | 2. <u>n</u> early             | 3. <u>h</u> ear <u>t</u> |
|     | 4. <u>f</u> earful     | 5. <u>d</u> isapp <u>ea</u> r |                          |
| (f) | 1. <u>l</u> aughter    | 2. <u>c</u> ause              | 3. <u>d</u> aughter      |
|     | 4. <u>c</u> lause      | 5. <u>a</u> pp <u>l</u> ause  |                          |

〔V〕 次の日本語の意味を伝えるように英文の( a )～( f )の空欄を1～7の語で埋め、その番号を記入せよ。なお、使わない語が各問に一つずつある。

A. その研究は AIDS やその他の病気の新たな治療法につながるかもしれない。

The study ( a ) ( b ) ( c ) ( d ) ( e ) ( f ) AIDS and other diseases.

- |         |       |            |               |
|---------|-------|------------|---------------|
| 1. new  | 2. to | 3. related | 4. treatments |
| 5. lead | 6. of | 7. may     |               |

B. 彼の遅刻の言いわけはとても受け入れられるものではなかった。

His ( a ) ( b ) ( c ) ( d ) was ( e ) ( f ) at all.

- |          |        |               |          |
|----------|--------|---------------|----------|
| 1. late  | 2. not | 3. excuse     | 4. being |
| 5. could | 6. for | 7. acceptable |          |

C. 今や、新曲は携帯にダウンロードして聴くというのが一般的になりつつある。

It is now ( a ) ( b ) ( c ) ( d ) ( e ) ( f ) to new songs on your cell phone.

- |             |             |           |        |
|-------------|-------------|-----------|--------|
| 1. download | 2. becoming | 3. to     | 4. and |
| 5. being    | 6. listen   | 7. common |        |

D. みんなもうここに残るのはいやだと言っているし、正直言って、私もいやだ。

Everybody ( a ) ( b ) ( c ) ( d ) anymore and, to be honest, so ( e ) ( f ).

- |       |         |            |         |
|-------|---------|------------|---------|
| 1. I  | 2. to   | 3. here    | 4. says |
| 5. do | 6. stay | 7. refuses |         |